

Self-Reported Health Status (SRHS) is a common component of Health Risk Assessments, and has been shown to be an important predictor of cost, outcomes, and health status among beneficiaries. Self-Reported Health Status can comprise questions regarding physical, mental, functional, and social health, and may be adapted to different demographic, socio-economic, racial and ethnic groups. EOHHS anticipates that AEs and their partner MCOs will incorporate culturally and linguistically appropriate, evidence based SRHS screening tools and/or questions into regular member assessments.

In order to track the use of SDOH screenings and assessments, EOHHS will require AEs to report on the following measure:

Measure: Self-Reported Health Status - Adults	
Description:	The percentage of attributed patients who completed a Self-Reported Health Status screening, where the AE has documented the screening and the results.
Target Population:	All attributed members
Numerator Statement:	Individuals attributed to the AE who completed a Self-Reported Health Status screening at least once during the measurement period using an evidence based screening tool.
Denominator Statement:	All attributed members of the AE who were attributed to the AE for 11 out of 12 months during the reporting period, with no break in coverage lasting more than 45 days.
Acceptable Exclusions:	1. Refused to Participate
Documentation Requirements:	All screenings must be documented by the AE, regardless of if the AE screened the individual or if it was performed by the MCO or other community partner.
Approved Screening Tools	All screening tools must be evidence based, age appropriate, and culturally and linguistically accessible to the target population.
Look back Period:	12 months