

Topic	Focus Area	Comment	Response
Roadmap	Certification Standards	In the absence of Health System Transformation Project (HSTP)	EOHHS thanks you for your feedback.
		funding, the AE requirements are overly burdensome for	We will take into consideration what
		straightforward shared risk arrangements. We appreciate the change	other requirements may be removed
		from annual to biennial recertification and request that EOHHS	in the future for the purpose of
		examine what other requirements may be eliminated for the purpose	administrative simplification.
		of administrative simplification.	
Roadmap	Certification Standards	We support the change from annual recertification to biennial	EOHHS thanks you for your feedback.
		recertification. We ask that EOHHS implement this change	EOHHS will not be implementing the
		retroactively, using the AE's certification from PY6 for the PY7 year.	biennial recertification retroactively.
		This modification will ensure reduced administrative burden; we	We will take into consideration what
		know that AE PY7 will take place, while it is uncertain what PY8 will	other requirements may be removed
		look like in the post-procurement environment. We also ask EOHHS	in the future for the purpose of
		to remove all certification requirements that are no longer necessary	administrative simplification.
		in the absence of HSTP funding.	
Roadmap	AE Activities and Costs	This AE recommends EOHHS take steps to investigate the necessity	EOHHS thanks you for your feedback
		and harm/benefit ratio of restricted diagnoses being withheld from	and is open to evaluating the
		the AE claims feed. While IHP does not need the restricted diagnoses,	feasibility of providing this level of
		a version of these claims with unrestricted diagnoses and no facility	detail in the future.
		attribution can be sent to the AEs so they have a full financial picture	
		of their attributed patients.	
Roadmap	AE Activities and Costs	We request that EOHHS convene an AE/MCO workgroup to evaluate	EOHHS thanks you for your feedback.
		the current attribution/ assignment processes. Based on our	Although, we do not have any current
		experience, IHP along with other AEs believe there are fundamental	plans to change the attribution
		flaws with the models used and opportunity for improvement. FQHCs	methodology, we are open to
		use the UDS model of reporting in which the denominator is based on	discussions around potential
		seen. This AE recommends allowing for a fairer model like UDS	improvements.
		reporting as there are thousands of individuals wrongly attributed	



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		and unable to be contacted regardless of countless outreach efforts via multiple modes of communication.	
Roadmap	AE Activities and Cost	While we support the elimination of the HSTP Plan requirements in the absence of HSTP funding, we do not support the elimination of incentive funding under the AE program. Like the rest of our AE peers, this AE has invested significant effort into the AE program with the goal of improving care and outcomes for our Medicaid populations at a lower cost. We are committed to continuing to further that work; however, we need to have confidence that we will continue to have access to sufficient funding to support these successful programs. As we have noted in the past, we do not believe that EOHHS has articulated a strategy that will ensure that AEs have access to sufficient revenue to be sustainable without HSTP funding. We urge EOHHS to encourage alternate partnership structures between AEs and MCOs.	From the beginning of this program, EOHHS has had a fixed amount of money to spend on provider incentives, and as we near the end of this phase of the program, those funds will continue to taper off and will ultimately cease. AEs will be responsible for identifying which of their programs they wish to prioritize funding with shared savings payments and other resources.
Roadmap	AE Activities and Cost	Where it speaks of our partnership with Data Spark. This project is now closed and completed.	EOHHS appreciates the updated information regarding AE activities and has revised the Roadmap to reflect this change, accordingly.
Roadmap	AE Activities and Cost	Under Community-Clinical Partnerships: This AE has received statewide recognition for its Emergency Housing Program. It has significantly reduced TCOC, inpatient admissions, and ED Visits/1000 for over 120 individuals. This AE's findings have been vetted by URI as well.	EOHHS appreciates the updated information regarding AE activities and has revised the Roadmap to reflect this change, accordingly.
Roadmap	Behavioral Health	This AE requests AEs participate in CCBHC planning and future meetings. To date, AEs have been left out of these discussions and must be included on a go forward basis.	EOHHS intends to involve the AEs in future CCBHC related Public Meetings and discussions.



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Roadmap	Behavioral Health	This AE recommends EOHHS works with inpatient facilities to have a standard method of allowing free visitation by designated staff from the AE engaged in advocating for patients. At least two individuals should be allowed in and have access to the inpatient facility's EMR for the purposes of patient advocacy and successful re-connection to primary care. This is critical given the \$3.5M BH grant is being reallocated away from this effort.	EOHHS thanks you for your feedback. To clarify, EOHHS still intends to spend the previously allocated \$3.5 million in HSTP funds on Behavioral Health related projects and has already spent a portion of those funds on enhancing care coordination between AEs and inpatient BH providers. As EOHHS further develops the BH Investment Plan, we are open to receiving feedback and considering opportunities to support them in the context of the limited remaining HSTP funds.
Roadmap	AE-MCO Relationship	This MCO recommends after Program Year 7, EOHHS provide greater flexibility for MCOs and AEs to negotiate new AE arrangements including shared savings approaches. Given EOHHS policy direction to move to full-risk MCO contracts, MCO and AE flexibility will be important to develop shared savings arrangements that embrace the goals of the AE Program. The revised TCOC models will be built on the knowledge and experience gained through the AE program. This MCO recommends EOHHS establish guardrails for TCOC rather than requirements, which will guide the development of the next generation of value-based arrangements.	EOHHS understands that some stakeholders seek greater flexibility and our goal is to allow for such flexibility, where appropriate. EOHHS will continue to identify areas and opportunities where greater flexibility might be useful in the AE/MCO contracting process.
Roadmap	Evaluation Plan	P.19 Evaluation Plan - The state is submitting a Final Interim Evaluation Report of the Accountable Entities program to CMS. This MCO requests that the Final Interim Evaluation Report of the Accountable Entities be shared with all AE Stakeholders.	EOHHS shared the Interim Evaluation Report with all Stakeholders on 11/30/2023.



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Sustainability Plan	Vision/Goals/Approach	The cost/earnings analyses that support the plan are incomplete and overly optimistic: They do not fully account for the impact of the COVID Public Health Emergency (PHE) on utilization and TCOC. They do not account for the impact of the Global Cap on Shared Savings. They do not account for distribution of shared savings to primary care providers — an essential component of ACO-style arrangements. EOHHS has taken steps which undermine key components of its own five-part strategy. Ultimately, we continue to believe this strategy is insufficient and that EOHHS needs to adopt the direct and proven strategy of fundamental delivery and payment reform.	As described in the Sustainability Plan, EOHHS has identified several strategies to support AEs after the conclusion of incentive funding and will continue to have open discussions with stakeholders and strategize ongoing sustainability planning.
Sustainability Plan	Vision/Goals/Approach	The AE Roadmap is short on new details regarding the future of the program. The sustainability and program design ideas offered in previous years remain largely unchanged. Where AEs, MCOs, and others would expect more developed proposals, this document gives on general – directional – rather than detailed guidance. The forthcoming Medicaid reprocurement provides EOHHS the opportunity to design a new contract and new MCO relationship that accounts for the existence of the AE model. Initial AE program design had to accommodate a pre-existing contract that never envisioned the AE model. That situation has now changed. The roadmap should acknowledge this and speak to the opportunities this offers and how EOHHS will leverage reprocurement to advance and drive further innovation. The documents should be modified to account for the forthcoming	EOHHS thanks you for your recommendation. At this time HSTP PY7 program documents cannot account for the Managed Care procurement. Additional information will be provided upon the awarding of new Managed Care contracts.



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		inclusion of duals in all managed Medicaid contracts. EOHHS should	
		discuss how this policy/program change will affect the future of the	
		AE program.	
		Reprocurement may provide greater detail on the future of the AEs	
		and the expected future role of MCOs supporting and sustaining the	
		AEs.	
		EOHHS is likely constrained by the realities of the state procurement	
		process which could prevent EOHHS from disclosing information that	
		will be part of the reprocurement. If this is the case, we urge EOHHS	
		to provide whatever detail was held back at this time as soon as	
		possible.	
Sustainability	Vision/Goals/Approach	The Roadmap, and other guidance documents, fail to fully account for	AEs will continue to be an important
Plan		the expiration of HSTP funding or the forthcoming opportunity	part of future planning around Value
		created by the reprocurement of managed Medicaid.	Based Payment in Rhode Island
			Medicaid.
		Without serious reconsideration of what is proposed in these	
		documents, the AE program will cease to advance healthcare	At this time HSTP PY7 program
		improvement and reform in Rhode Island.	documents cannot account for the
		We urge EOHHS to prioritize the following:	Managed Care procurement.
		AEs should be at the center of policy and program decisions.	Additional information will be
		The success of the AE program rests upon the ability of AEs to deliver	provided upon the awarding of new
		the goals of the program. Given this, all policy and program decisions	Managed Care contracts.
		should be based on supporting the work of the AEs, the strategies of	
		the AEs, and advancing the performance of the AEs.	
		Adopting an accountable, population-based payment system is	
		essential.	
		Reforming healthcare delivery, and achieving long-term sustainability,	
		requires an accountable, population-based payment system	



Vision/Goals/Approach	 (capitation) at the AE/system of care level, with a robust riskadjustment model to account for population differences between AEs. EOHHS has long identified in this document that they need to identify mechanisms to make this work sustainable: "As information is gathered to better understand the costs associated with the activities that must continue in order to reach the efficient care threshold, 	As described in the Sustainability Plan, EOHHS has identified several strategies to support AEs after the
Vision/Goals/Approach	mechanisms to make this work sustainable: "As information is gathered to better understand the costs associated with the activities	Plan, EOHHS has identified several
	EOHHS must identify a set of strategies to sustain them." We have reached the point in the AE program where incentive dollars have been expended, and it is not clear in the document or to participating AEs what strategies will be employed to sustain this work. Funding for case management services remains unclear. Community health worker billing is struggling under onerous documentation and filing requirements. Incentive programs have focused on managing specific areas of utilization such as unnecessary readmissions and emergency department use but have not developed effective strategies for overall total cost of care management. This AE would expect to see more concrete plans for sustainability in	conclusion of incentive funding. Additional information will be provided upon the awarding of new Managed Care contracts.
Vision/Goals/Approach	We suspect EOHHS is unable to disclose more now due to reprocurement. If that is the case, we urge EOHHS to provide greater detail as soon as possible.	EOHHS thanks you for your recommendation. At this time HSTP PY7 program documents cannot account for the Managed Care procurement. Additional information
	Vision/Goals/Approach	Funding for case management services remains unclear. Community health worker billing is struggling under onerous documentation and filing requirements. Incentive programs have focused on managing specific areas of utilization such as unnecessary readmissions and emergency department use but have not developed effective strategies for overall total cost of care management. This AE would expect to see more concrete plans for sustainability in this document at the time that funding is being removed. The clear implication is that this work may not be sustained. Vision/Goals/Approach We suspect EOHHS is unable to disclose more now due to reprocurement. If that is the case, we urge EOHHS to provide greater



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		EOHHS cuts most of the language that outlined changes it was	will be provided upon the awarding of
		seeking. Many of these may be addressed in the forthcoming	new Managed Care contracts.
		reprocurement of Medicaid. If the reprocurement advances these	
		proposals, EOHHS should share that information as soon as the	
		reprocurement documents are released.	EOHHS appreciates your comments
			on Value Based Payment and looks
		Leverage Multi-Payer Statewide Policies.	forward to your continued
		The language that is retained here is either vague – promises of	partnership in future work in
		collaboration with OHIC, etc. – or advocates a proposal – PCP	payment reform once the Managed
		Capitation – that is insufficient to the task at hand.	Care procurement has concluded.
		PCP capitation is not true population-based payment and will not	
		produce the required fundamental accountability and cost structure	
		transformation, as it does not allow AEs to appropriately manage the	
		entire system of care, only a segment. PCP capitation places reform	
		and outcome expectations on primary care providers they are not	
		necessarily best positioned to deliver. For this reason, PCP capitation	
		has not been proven to have a significant impact on total cost of care.	
		That can only be achieved with full, Global Capitation.	
		Ultimately, we do not believe what remains of this strategy will	
		sustain the AE program.	
		Fundamental reform, with population-based capitation and CM and	
		UM delegation is the only way to achieve EOHHS's goals. The PHSRI-	
		AE has long argued for delegating Utilization Management and Care	
		Management. Both are essential under a population-based payment	
		model. If a system of care (SOC) is going to take downside risk, the	
		SOC should have all the tools available to manage that risk and to	
		positively impact utilization, costs, and outcomes. Related, future AE	
		positively impact utilization, costs, and outcomes. Nelated, luture AE	



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		funding must follow function. Funding will need to account for the different roles and responsibilities each AE takes on. For example, funding currently provided to MCOs should flow to AEs that take on delegated Utilization Management and Care Management.	
Sustainability Plan	AE-MCO Relationship	 We ask that EOHHS continue to offer concrete next steps for value-based care in RI. As a part of Strategy D (p. 33), we ask that EOHHS: Outline specific ways to ensure AE sustainability via the MCO relationship. We recommend a framework through which MCOs commit to pay an administrative fee to AEs to fund AE operations on a prospective basis. Explicitly state that AEs and MCOs are encouraged to develop alternate value-based arrangements so long as they are approved by EOHHS. Require MCOs to outline how they will support AEs financially 	As described in the Sustainability Plan, EOHHS has identified several strategies to support AEs after the conclusion of incentive funding. At this time, there is not an intent for MCOs to provide a general "administrative fee." Additional information will be provided upon the awarding of new Managed Care contracts.
Sustainability Plan	AE-MCO Relationship	as part of the PY7 planning process. We encourage EOHHS to require MCOs to produce supplemental reports that provide insight into the institutional, professional, and pharmaceutical utilization patterns driving TCOC forecasts and then a retrospective report providing insight regarding final/actual AE TCOC performance vs. predicted TCOC.	Thank you for your feedback. EOHHS is open to researching other opportunities to provide data to the AEs on TCOC Performance.
		We strongly encourage EOHHS to require MCOs to provide weekly/monthly institutional, professional, and pharmaceutical utilization reporting to AEs, since MCOs have not delegated utilization management functions to AEs. This is critical for AEs to know and	



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		understand how the MCO is performing on key utilization management metrics for the AE's attributed populations.	
Sustainability Plan	Global Savings Cap	Under the global cap section: This AE respectfully disagrees with implementing a global cap and asks that the cap be removed in future years.	The Global Shared Savings/Loss Cap will not be removed.
Sustainability Plan	Multi-payer Approach	Medicaid AE covered lives represent approximately 1/3 of our overall covered lives. Therefore, we agree that cross-payer value-based approaches have the potential to align goals and achieve greater success than payer-specific programs. To strengthen strategy E (p. 33), we would recommend that EOHHS, in partnership with key stakeholders, develop a tactical menu of multi-payer approaches that allow AEs to participate in the programs that work best for them.	EOHHS appreciates the support for cross-payer value-based payment and the recommendation to develop a menu of such approaches. EOHHS looks forward to your continued partnership in future work in payment reform once the Managed Care procurement has concluded.
Sustainability Plan	Multi-payer Approach	The most promising sustainability plan is an accountable, population-based payment system (Global Capitation) at the AE/system of care level, with a robust risk-adjustment model to account for population differences between AEs. Additionally, funding should follow function. When AEs take on delegated care management and utilization management, the funding required to support those activities should be directed to the AEs. Realizing these reforms will require active leadership and clear expectations-setting from EOHHS.	EOHHS appreciates your comments on Value Based Payment and looks forward to your continued partnership in future work in payment reform once the Managed Care procurement has concluded. As described in the Sustainability Plan, EOHHS has identified several strategies to support AEs after the conclusion of incentive funding. Of these, care management delegation and the associated funding from



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			MCOs to AEs to support that work is one essential element.
Sustainability Plan	Reimbursable Services	Reimbursement of CHW services is a key element to sustaining the CHW workforce but is insufficient in itself to support the other aspects of our programming. We believe that there are other high-value services that warrant reimbursement under strategy C (p. 32) in a value-based payment model. For example, we recommend that EOHHS explore reimbursement opportunities for e-consults, hospital-at-home programs, and social services.	EOHHS is grateful for the suggestions regarding other high-value services that should be prioritized for reimbursement. EOHHS plans to consult with AEs and other providers to gather more detailed information on these services in order to identify the best path to add them as Medicaid benefits.
Sustainability Plan	Community Resource Platform	Regarding the AE Roadmap for PY7, this stakeholder appreciates EOHHS for acknowledging the role and value of the CRP in enabling efficient and accountable SDOH coordination at the community level. We also applaud EOHHS for identifying strategies for AE sustainability and efficiency including continued centralization of key resources. In consideration of these things, this stakeholder recommends extending the state's investment in a centralized CRP going forward. The Roadmap for PY7 currently proposes to cease centralized investments in a CRP as the HSTP program concludes, deferring instead to the MCOs and AEs to cover costs for SDOH care coordination. This element of the roadmap runs counter to the roadmap's sustainability principles and fails to build on foundational investments that have been made to establish the CRP and unite	EOHHS appreciates the support for the effort to implement the Unite Us platform and looks forward to discussing future SDOH care coordination activities with stakeholders.



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		Rhode Island social care network over the last several years. It also	
		hampers cross-agency coordination on behalf of Medicaid members	
		and Rhode Islanders at risk of Medicaid eligibility who are dependent	
		on other state agencies for support. Rather than cease investment in	
		the CRP now, we recommend that EOHHS continue to centralize this	
		investment. Doing so would ensure that cross-agency and	
		community-wide care coordination is not abruptly disrupted during a	
		period of significant transition within the Medicaid program, including	
		the redetermination period, CCBHC launch, 1115 waiver renewal and	
		managed care procurement.	
		Right now, the Medicaid program is enabled with a single source of	
		truth to drive accountable social care coordination, assess community	
		network capacity and anticipate members' social needs. The	
		community resource platform has been built to incorporate the	
		statewide community resource directory and is already permissioned	
		to over 3,000 users enabled to coordinate quickly and securely on	
		behalf of members. Without clear guidance, requirements or funding	
		distributed to the Medicaid delivery system to sustain this care	
		coordination infrastructure, the State runs the risk of immediately	
		disrupting members' community care journeys and not ensuring	
		access to a consistent tool able to rapidly implement or measure	
		near-term SDOH care coordination programs including proposed	
		1115-funded HRSN benefits, anticipated population health managed	
		care innovations, and the CCBHC launch.	
		By sustaining a centralized CRP, the Medicaid program and EOHHS	
		will be better positioned to keep member experience at the center of	
		its work during these transitions. Specifically, they will be able to	
		quickly measure connections to care made through new programs; to	



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		leverage existing workflows, comprehensive resource directories and	
		member profiles to evaluate capacity and impact; and to benefit from	
		Unite Us' unique ability to implement rapidly and at scale. Unite Us is	
		the only closed loop referral vendor to implement similar initiatives	
		with state governments at scale, and to have enabled rapid response	
		deployments that accelerate connections to care via existing	
		infrastructure.	
		We recommend applying the PY7 sustainability principle associated	
		with sustained centralized investments to the CRP so members' social	
		needs continue to be addressed by an accountable community	
		network, and the State can continue to rely on ready infrastructure	
		during this transition period without needing to rebuild from scratch.	
		States that have chosen to leverage a centralized community	
		resource platform statewide care coordination purpose have done so	
		expressly to achieve the following:	
		- Prioritize member experience by leveraging a single, trauma-	
		informed, consistent and accountable community care coordination	
		tool across multiple agencies and programs establishing an any-door	
		system of care.	
		- Achieve efficiencies by avoiding duplicative or disjointed	
		investments across plans, providers and sister agencies.	
		- Build on prior state investments by maximizing enhanced federal	
		match options through MES certification and waiver initiatives that	
		maximize federal financial participation.	
		Reduce administrative burden for plans, providers and community	
		partners associated with	
		navigating multiple technology systems and/or setting up disparate	
		referral and reporting workflows across networks.	



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		 Make platform access available to sister agencies and local partners engaged in member services (especially for FFS members not otherwise connected to an accountable network). Standardize a comprehensive social care data set that can be integrated into broader Medicaid data environments for program 	
		performance and evaluation purposes. - Note: States that defer to plans and providers to invest in discrete resource tools experience challenges without issuing standard guidance on financing and data/reporting. With a funded, centralized resource platform, states can gain confidence that data inputs will be consistent and comprehensive over time.	
		For these reasons this stakeholder stands ready to support EOHHS should it decide to continue to centralize investments in a CRP, and looks forward to continued partnership on behalf of Rhode Islanders.	